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Aim Higher and Go Bigger: Strategies for Claiming IP Infringement Damages in China 729

IP owners who litigate in China often complain about the low damages awarded by the courts, which then has limited deterrent effect on infringers and can erode the worth of enforcement steps. This article discusses the use of a number of strategies through which IP owners can reduce or shift the high evidential burden placed on them in China to prove infringement damages. Some cases from the Chinese court will be discussed to illustrate the application of these strategies.

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The Life of IP: Accounting and Tax Treatments of Trade Marks and Goodwill in New Zealand 733

This article examines goodwill and trade marks from the perspectives of accounting and tax, running through their lifecycles. We raise and challenge four propositions. These pertain to the tax and accounting treatment of trade marks and goodwill as being of less value than patents and copyright, as being static in nature, being indefinite, and the relationship between black-hole expenditure and investment in intangible assets.

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This article analyses the impact of Brexit on trade mark exhaustion, as a paradigmatic case study of the conflicting interests surrounding the exhaustion of IP rights more generally. The doctrine of exhaustion relates to the restriction on the right holder's power to prevent the importation of goods by "exhausting" their IP rights on the first sale of the product under certain circumstances. Hitherto, the UK doctrine of exhaustion has been an EEA-wide concept. Particularly in the event of a no-deal Brexit, the question arises whether right holders will be able to control the importation of goods into the UK by the assertion of their IP rights. It is argued that, in the event of no agreement on trade mark exhaustion, the UK would be free to choose from three options: (1) regional exhaustion; (2) national exhaustion and (3) international exhaustion. However, any post-Brexit exhaustion scheme will need to balance the different interests of right holders, competitors, consumers and sector-specific market needs. It is suggested that this balancing task should be achieved by a doctrine of international exhaustion softened by exceptions for situations in which the right holder has legitimate reasons to prevent parallel trade.

DR. OLIVER BALDUS

A Practical Guide on how to Patent Artificial Intelligence (AI) Inventions and Computer Programs within the German and European Patent System: Much Ado about Little 750

Patenting of computer programs represents a challenge for many applicants. Yet this need not be the case if only a few issues are addressed correctly. Prevailing legal norms in patent law do not substantially differentiate between computer-implemented and "normal" inventions. This article sheds light on problems that can arise when patenting computer programs and identifies common pitfalls encountered in day-to-day professional work. It offers a valuable hands-on guide on how to patent and protect and patent computer inventions, such as artificial intelligence (AI) inventions and other explicitly excluded subject-matter.

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This article aims to give an overview of the methods of calculating FRAND royalties applied by the jurisdictions all around the world.

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The recent judgment in *Happy Camper Productions Ltd v British Broadcasting Corporation* illustrates the difficulties in obtaining an interim injunction where there is an allegation of alleged copyright infringement. As the judge explained, in such situations, there are three questions that need to be considered. The first is whether there is a serious question to be tried. Secondly, if there is, would damages be an adequate remedy? Thirdly, what would the balance of convenience be?

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